Top 10 Student Outcomes

Identified by teachers who taught self-regulation

- 1. Improved student responsibility
- 2. Improved ability to set realistic goals, monitor progress, and evaluate results
- 3. Improved understanding of relationship between specific actions and progress
- 4. Increased sense of control and awareness of their academics
- 5. Improved academic achievement

- Increased reflection on successes and areas for improvement
- 7. Improved homework completion
- 8. Improved time management/ organization
- 9. Improved social interactions
- 10. Increased engagement in course content



Course-Specific Outcomes

Identified by teachers who taught self-regulation

- Science: 98% of 8th-graders earned a B or higher on a project; students improve test scores; students that missed class integrated back in better
- Language Arts: Students increased engagement, wrote higher quality sentences, turned in more work on time, willfully revised writing; they felt more confident and less stressed about completing a final essay
- Art: Quality of work, grades, and engagement in course content improved
- Math: Grades improved; students were able to accurately predict how long assignments would take to complete; independence increased



- Social Studies: Test scores improved; more students turned in projects on time; students better understood historical events
- Physical Education: Students
 became more proactive and
 improved self-confidence; there
 were an increase in engagement
 and a decrease in unsafe behaviors
- World Language: 90% of students earned a C+ or higher on the final exam
- Special Education: Students' organization and time on task improved; 50% of students with behavior disorders dramatically decreased their use of the F-bomb

Research on self-regulation

Adolescents who lack self-regulation are:

- Less likely to successfully manage time, effort, and environment to complete tasks efficiently
- Less likely to be able to identify specific barriers that are keeping them from completing tasks/achieving goals

Students' development of self-regulation:

- Promotes their autonomy and increases their sense of responsibility for their own learning
- Reduces likelihood of unhealthy behaviors, including substance use
- Empowers them to recognize and address their own mistakes
- Supports their self-efficacy development

Providing **instruction & practice** to teach selfregulation prepares students to:

- Become active participants in their learning
- Be more engaged and motivated in class
- Get better grades and learn more
- Plan for continuing education beyond high school
- Resist distractions and apply specific strategies to successfully complete tasks/achieve goals
- Understand both how to use selfregulation and why they should
- Better understand the process of learning and determine if learning has occurred

(Abar & Loken, 2010; Bembenutty, 2009; Carrol et al., 2009; Cleary & Chen, 2009; Cleary & Zimmerman, 2004; de Bruin et al., 2011; Dignath et al., 2008; Duckworth et al., 2011; Duckworth et al., 2016; Hardy, 2006; Komarraju & Nadler, 2013; Meyer & Turner, 2002; Nota et al., 2004; Panadero et al., 2012; Pintrich, 1999; Ramdass & Zimmerman, 2011; Scholer et al., 2014; Ursache et al., 2012; Zimmerman, 1986; Zimmerman, 2000; Zimmerman, 2008; Zinsser et al., 2006)

High School of 500 Students



